

**Meningkatkan *Scientific Writing Skill* Siswa pada Pembelajaran Biologi
Kelas X MIA 7 SMA N 4 Surakarta Menggunakan *Guided Inquiry*
Learning dipadu *Reading Assignment***

**Enhancing Scientific Writing Skill of Students on Biology
at Grade X MIA 7 Of SMA N 4 Surakarta Using
Guided Inquiry Learning with Reading Assignment**

Novita Dispriyani^{1*}, Murni Ramli¹, Nurmiyati¹, Tutut Sumarjana²

¹Pendidikan Biologi FKIP Universitas Sebelas Maret, Surakarta

²SMA Negeri 4 Surakarta

*Email: novitadispriyani@gmail.com

Abstract: This research aims to enhance Scientific Writing Skill (SWS) of students on biology through the application of guided inquiry learning with reading assignment. This research was a three cycles Classroom Action Research (CAR). Each cycle consisted of four phases, i.e. planning, acting, observing, and reflecting. The subjects of this research are 30 students of Grade X MIA 7 of SMA N 4 Surakarta, consists of 11 male and 19 female students. The assessment were analyzed using scientific writing skill's rubric adapted from Toppen (2014), which will measure the ability to develop writing creatively, use spelling and grammar correctly, communicate knowledge which consist, and connect science and technology with whole world. This research target is the average percentage increase to 65 %. The result of this research is guided inquiry learning had effectively increased student's SWS. The average percentage increased from 38,13 % in pre-cycle to 77,29 % in third cycle.

Keywords: Guided Inquiry Learning, Reading Assignment, Scientific Writing Skill

Keterangan: Naskah diterbitkan dalam Jurnal Bioedukasi Pendidikan Biologi FKIP UNS

Penanya:

Pertanyaan dari Febrianawati Yusup

Pertanyaan:

Bagaimana hubungan antara kemampuan membaca dan kemampuan menulis? Apakah dengan kemampuan menulisnya tinggi nanti kemampuan membacanya lebih tinggi atau bagaimana?

Jawaban:

Hubungan antara membaca dan menulis yaitu dengan membaca dapat meningkatkan keterampilan menulis. Membaca merupakan suatu *input* dari proses pembelajaran, sedangkan menulis merupakan *output* dari proses pembelajaran. Secara otomatis ketika siswa banyak membaca atau *input* yang lebih banyak, dapat meningkatkan *output*-nya.

